Introduction and objectives:

The conception and design of this course are aimed at: (i) acquainting the students with the comparative method in the study of law and (ii) exploring the possibilities of employing that method for the better understanding and reform of our legal system. The course seeks to achieve these goals in three ways. Firstly, it tries to comprehend an understanding of the conceptions, scope and utility of comparative law. Secondly, it gives a bird’s eye view of different legal systems in the present day world. Finally, it compares the two most dominant and widespread legal systems, i.e the common law and the civil law systems. For comparison we assume that our own legal system represents the common law while France and Germany represent the civil law. In view of the constraints of time and expertise the course is confined to the following topics.

1. CONCEPTION, EVOLUTION, SCOPE AND UTILITY OF COMPARATIVE LAW:

The topic includes different conceptions of comparative law such as a method of study or distinct science of law; descriptive, applied and abstract comparative law; the subject matter and materials for comparison; and the utility of the subject to a legal scholar practical lawyer, legislature and a legal emissary.

Readings:

1. Materials supplied for the class (hereafter Materials)
II. MAJOR LEGAL SYSTEMS:

The topic examines the need and criteria of classification between different legal systems and the major categories of such systems in the present day world. These categories include the Romano – Germanic or civil law and common law as major categories and along with them the socialist, Islamic Hindu, Jewish, far Eastern and African legal systems as not so major categories. Only basic distinctive features of these legal systems shall be examined at this stage leaving the details to subsequent topics. Effort shall be made to locate the position of the Indian legal system in these categories.

Readings:

1. Materials.
2. David & Bierley, introduction
References

- Werner Menski, Comparative Law in a Global Context – Legal System of Asia and Africa (Cambridge University Press, 2006)
- Peter de Cruz, Comparative Law in a Changing World (Cavendish Publishing Limited, 1999)

III. STRUCTURE AND SOURCES OF LAW IN CIVIL AND COMMON LAW SYSTEMS.

The topic includes a thorough discussion with illustrations on the structure and sources in the two legal systems. Among the sources of law special emphasis shall be laid on legislation and precedent. The conception of legal rule in the two legal systems will be specially addressed and examined.

Readings:

1. Part One, titles II & III and Part Three, title I Chaps II & III
4. A.L. Goodhart, Precedent in English and Commercial Law, 50 I.Q Rev 40 (1934)
5. Gutteridge, chaps VII & VIII
6. D. Annoussamy, French Legal System (NLSIU, Bangalore, 1995) ch. 2
7. R. David, Ch.III
IV. ADJUDICATION IN THE CIVIL LAW SYSTEM

This topic concerns the judiciary. But the judiciary is structured differently in the civil law system from the judiciary in the common law system. This difference in structure along with the position and role of the judiciary as well as its procedures vis-à-vis the judiciary in the common law system will be discussed.

Readings:

1. Materials.
5. D. Anoussamy, chaps IV, v & VI

References:


V. SOME PUBLIC LAW ASPECTS OF THE CIVIL LAW SYSTEM
This topic includes:

a. General approaches to Constitutional law and Administrative law.
b. Judicial Review of legislation and executive acts
c. Techniques of legal control of the executive including the remedies and relief.

Readings:

1. Materials.
2. Harding & Oeruecue, pp. 121-136, 235-266
3. Davis (1980) chaps 6 & 7
5. E. Schmidt – Assmann, Basic principles of German Administrative Law, 35 JILI 61 (1993)
7. Anoussamy, Chap IV, V & VI
10. Hegde, Ch.7

References:

- Vicki C. Jackson and Mark Tushnet, *Comparative Constitutional Law* (Foundation Press, 1999.)
S. Rose-Ackerman & P.L. Lindseth, *Comparative Administrative Law* (Edward Elgar, UK & USA, 2010)

VI. LAW OF CONTRACTS AND TORTS IN THE CIVIL LAW SYSTEM

The civil law system differentiates between public and private contracts and torts. Accordingly they are governed by different principles of law. These distinct principles will primarily be noted in this topic.

**Readings:**

1. Materials.
2. Singh (2001) chaps 4 & 9
3. David (1980) chaps 8 & 10
4. Von Mehron, Books III & IV
8. Borokowsk & Plesis (20005) Chaps 9 & 10

**References:**

- Dosis Jonas, Some Height on the Roman of Legal liability, 6 Baylor L. Rev. 430 (1953 -1954)

Additional reading materials may be supplied and suggested in the class from time to time. For more and latest readings the students should also see the comparative law journals such as the American Journal of Comparative Law, International and Comparative Law Quarterly. They should also see the relevant materials in the International Encyclopedia of Comparative Law, A Bibliography of Foreign and Comparative law by
Szladits and the materials referred to in the bibliographies included in the David & Brierley, Khan & Kumar and Singh (2001.)

**Note:** In consultation with the professor, every student is required to write a paper on any topic of the student’s choice and to present it in the class.